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Daily Program

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Sunday 03/11 Monday 04/11 Tuesday 05/11 Wednesday 06/11 Thursday 07/11

09:00	Plenary Session: Sector Coupling and Technology Integration	El Parque 2		
10:30	Coffee/Tea Break			
11:00	Keynote El Parque 2			
11:00	Keynote El Parque 1			
11:30	Session 1-A: Theme 2.2	El Parque 2		
11:30	Session 1-B: Theme 6.1 El Parque 1			
11:30	Session 1-C: Theme 4.2	Araucarias 2		
11:30	ISREE: Forum on Global Solar Energy Training	Araucarias 1		
11:30	Forum: Atmospheric Attenuation of DNI for Solar	El Coigue		
	Tower Power Plants			
11:30	Session 1-D: Theme 8.2	El Canelo		
13:00	Lunch			
14:00	Industrial Forum - Research meets Business	El Parque 2		
14:00	Poster Session El Parque 3			
P6.1	A Robust Machine Learning Based Simulation of Solar District Heating System			
	Mohamed Abokersh, Departament d'Enginyeria Mecànic Virgili	a, Universitat Rovira i		
P6.2	A Study on New and Renewable Energy Policy Changes Korea	and Market Analysis in		
	Sang Min An, KRIEA (Korea Research Institute of Eco-E Architecture)	nvironmental		
P6.3	Generation Expansion Planning Considering Storage Systems Constraints	stems and Inertia		
	Pablo Ernesto Gonzalez Inostroza, Departamento de Ing Universidad de Chile	eniería Eléctrica,		
P6.5	Analysis of the Integration of an Electric Bus and an Elec	tric Vehicle with Grid-		
	Connected PV Systems and a Storage System			

	Alexandre de Albuquerque Montenegro, Universidade Federal de Santa
	Catarina/Brasil
P6.6	Models for the Optimization and Evaluation of Photovoltaic Self-Consumption
	Facilities
	Llanos Mora-López, Universidad de Málaga
P6.7	Community Solar in Brazil: The Cooperative Model Context and the Existing
	Shared Solar Cooperatives Up to Date
	Kathlen Schneider, Universidade Federal de Santa Catarina / Fotovoltaica-UFSC
P6.8	A Software for Dimensioning of Small Microgrids with PV-Battery Systems
	Jose Luis Torres-Moreno, Department of Engineering. Universidad de Almeria
P6.9	How to Measure the Resilience of a Fully Renewable Multi-Vector Energy
	System?
	Gabriela Vera-Hofmann, University of Chile
P7.1	Optimal Sizing of Stand-Alone Hybrid Photovoltaic-Wind-Battery Energy System
	Using PSO
	Pollyanne de Oliveira Carvalho Malaquias, Universidade Federal de Campina
	Grande - UFCG
P7.2	Towards the Optimal Sizing of Solar-Powered Pump-Pipe-Storage Systems
	Tawanda Hove, Energy Research Center
P7.3	Solar Cooking – Achieving Sustainable Solutions to Global Challenges
	Arun Raman, Solar Cookers International
P7.5	Passive Solar System to Store Heat for Cooking
D 7 0	Ole Jorgen Nydal, Norwegian University of Science and Technology
P7.6	Performance Analysis of a Stand-Alone Building Integrated Photovoltaic System
D7 7	Ochuko Kelvin Overen, University of Fort Hare
P7.7	Testing the Thermal Performance of Open-Source Solar Cooker Designs Relative
	to Commercial Cookers
D 7 0	Arun Raman, Solar Cookers International
P7.8	A PV System for Remote Power and Shea Nut Processing in Burkina Faso
P3.2	David Wood, University of Calgary Modeling of the Nominal Power of a PV Generator Under Clear and Cloudy sky
F J.Z	Conditions
	Jose Ruben Angulo Abanto, Pontificia Universidad Catolica del Peru
P3.3	Location Study of Solar Thermal Power Plant in the State of Bahia Using
1 0.0	Geographic Information Systems (GIS) and Economic Methods
	Verônica Azevedo, Universidade Federal de Pernambuco
P3.4	Impact Study of Operating Temperatures and Cell Layout Under Different
1 0.1	Concentration Factors in a CPC-PV Solar Collector in Combination with a Vertical
	Glass Receiver Composed by Bifacial Cells
	Diogo Cabral, University of Gävle
P3.5	Transient Simulation of a Solar Cavity Receiver for Application in a Low-Latitude
	Field
	Renan Carvalho, University of São Paulo
P3.6	Performance Evaluation and Characterization of Different Photovoltaic
	Technologies Under the Coastal, Desertic Climate Conditions of Lima, Peru
	Luis Angel Conde Mendoza, Pontificia Universidad Católica del Perú
P3.7	On the Estimation of Energy Production in PV Plants. A Comparative Study of

	Methodologies
	Marcelo Cortes-Carmona, Universidad de Antofagasta
P3.8	First Principles Mathematical Model and Control of a Solar Thermal Power Plant Diogo Machado, UFSC
P3.9	Thermophotovoltaic Energy Conversion Systems: a Review
F 3.9	
D2 40	Philippe Gentillon, The University of New South Wales
P3.10	Agrivoltaic in Chile – Integrative Solution to Use Efficiently Land for Food and Energy Production and Generating Potential Synergy Effects Shown by a Pilot Plant in Metropolitan Region Patricia Gese, Fraunhofer Chile Research
P3.11	
P3.11	Thermo-Economic Evaluation of CSP Technologies for Their Application in Uruguay
	Agustín Ghazarian, Instituto de Ingeniería Mecánica y Producción Industrial
P3.12	Energy and Exergy (2E) Analysis of an Optimized Linear Fresnel Reflector for a Conceptual Direct Steam Generation Power Plant
	Eduardo González-Mora, Facultad de Ingeniería. Universidad Autónoma del Estado de México
P3.13	Optimizing the Grid Connection of Hybrid PV and Wind Power Plants
	Andreas Staiger, Fraunhofer Chile Research Center for Solar Energy Technologies
P3.14	Passive Cooling of Photovoltaic Modules in Qatar by Utilizing PCM-Matrix
1 0.14	Absorbers
D0 45	Abdelhakim Hassabou, Qatar Environment & Energy Research Institute
P3.15	Renewable Energy Sources of the Far Eastern and Arctic Coasts of Russia
	Valeriy Knyazhev, Institute of Marine Technology Problems FEB RAS
P3.16	Analysis and Design of a Solar Parabolic Trough - ORC - Biomass Cooling Plant for a Commercial Centre
	Ana Lazaro, Aragón Institute for Engineering Research (I3A), Thermal
	Engineering and Energy Systems Group, Univ
P3.17	Towards Optimizing Solar PV Collector Deployment in Inter-Row-Shaded Arrays Stephen Makwembere, Sinet Africa
P3.18	From 76.6 to 80.1 %; PV-System Performance-Ratio in Mexio City
	Ruben Dorantes, Universidad Autonoma Metropolitana
P3.20	Photovoltaic Distributed Generation Connecting to the Grid: Analysis of Solar
. 0.20	Incident Irradiation and Electricity Generation in the Federal University of Ceara
	Douglas Costa, Instituto Federal de Educação, Ciência e Tecnologia do Ceará,
	Campus Cedro
P3.21	Grid Connected PV Systems in Dairy and Poultry Farms in Brazil: Evaluation of
F J.Z I	
	Different Installation Approaches
D0 00	Adriano Moehlecke, PUCRS - CATHOLIC UNIVERSITY
P3.22	Smart Grid System Using Electricity from Photovoltaics, Renewable Sources and
	Alternative Fuels
D0 00	Jan Najser, VSB – Technical University of Ostrava, ENET Centre
P3.23	Low Cost Electroluminescense Lab Implementation
	Manoel Henrique Oliveira Pedrosa Filho, IFPE
P3.24	Optical Simulation of a Polar Parabolic Trough Collector in a Subtropical Region

	Dario Panaroni, Comision de investigaciones Científicas de la Provincia de Buenos Aires
D2 25	
P3.25	The Influence of Resource Variability on the Electric Production of a CSP Power
	Tower Plant Located in High Desert Conditions
D0 00	Ismael Pérez, Pontificia Universidad Católica de Chile
P3.26	Characterization of PV Soiling Losses in Urban Mediterranean Environment
D0.0=	Jesús Polo, CIEMAT
P3.27	Energy and Entropy Characterization of the Tolokatsin Solar Collector Designs for
	Multiple Applications
	Eduardo A. Rincón-Mejía, Energy Program. Universidad Autónoma de la Ciudad
	de México
P3.28	Estimation Model of Soiling Based on Environmental Parameters
	Iván Rosas, Facultad de Ciencias Físicas y Matemáticas Universidad de Chile
P3.29	Effect of Unified Workflow on PV Projects Development
	Andrejs Snegirjovs, Institute of Physical Energetics
P3.30	Urbanfarm-PV (UFPV): A Case Study About Pilot Plants in Chile
	Sebastian Teichert, Fraunhofer Chile Research - Center for Solar Energy
	Technologies (CSET)
P3.31	Organic Photovoltaic Panels for Bus Rapid Transit Stations in Curitiba – A
	Viability Study
	Anna Gabriella Tempesta, Group of Nanostructured Devices, Universidade
	Federal do Parana (UFPR)
P3.32	Specific Yield and Land Occupation Ratio of Solar PV Plants for Three Tracker
	Configurations at Twelve Latitudes in Mexico
	Hussein Zeaiter, HMH SOLAR
P3.33	Hybrid CSP-PV Advanced Control, Integration and Real-time Optimization:
	Review and Future Line of Research
	Adriano Brandão, Universidade Federal de Santa Catarina
P3.34	Energy Demand Analysis and Policy Instruments Assessment for Mining Industry
	in Chile
	Yeliz Simsek, Pontificia Universidad Catolica de Chile
P8.1	Prediction of the Overall Heat Transfer Coefficient Using Artificial Neural Network
	Yaser Imad Alamin, CIESOL-University of Almeria
P8.3	Experimental Investigation and Characterization of Façade Integrated PVT
	Collectors With and Without Insulation
	Mark Dannemand, Technical University of Denmark
P8.4	An Investigation Into Par (Photosynthetically Active Radiation) and Energy
	Performances in Small-Scale Greenhouses in Northern China
	Jiangtao Du, University of Liverpool
P8.5	Building Integrated Photovoltaic (PV) Systems – Energy Production Modelling in
	Urban Environment
	Benjamin Govehovitch, University Claude Bernard Lyon 1
P8.6	Design of an Internet of Things Environment Based on Hysteresis Control in a
	Photovoltaic Panel Controller for the Massive Use of Solar Electric Energy in
	Urban Areas
	Saul Huaquipaco Encinas, Universidad Nacional de Juliaca
P8.8	Global Solar Transmittance of Vertical Glazings Oriented Towards the Equator

	Gerardo Vitale, Laboratorio de Energía Solar, Departaem LN UDELAR	nto de Física - CENUR	
P8.9	Study on the Guiding and Control Index for the Design of Residential Building in the Northwest China Focuses on Generalized Solar Energy Utilization Qiubo Xiao, Tongji University		
P8.10	Public Response to Installation of Building Integrated Photo Residential Buildings in Wuhan, China Wei Yang, Victoria University	otovoltaic System (BIPV)	
14:00	Special Talk: Renewable Transformation Challenge Winner 2019	Araucarias 2	
14:30	Workshop on how to get published in a scientific journal with Elsevier	Araucarias 2	
15:30	Coffee/Tea Break		
16:00	Keynote	El Parque 2	
16:00	Keynote	Araucarias 2	
16:30	Session 2-A: Theme 3.3	El Parque 2	
16:30	Session 2-B: Theme 9.3	Araucarias 2	
16:30	Session 2-C: Special Theme 12.2 SE History	Araucarias 1	
16:30	Workshop on SHIP task	El Coigue	
16:30	Session 2-D: Theme 4.3	El Canelo	
19:00	Gala Dinner + Awards Ceremony		

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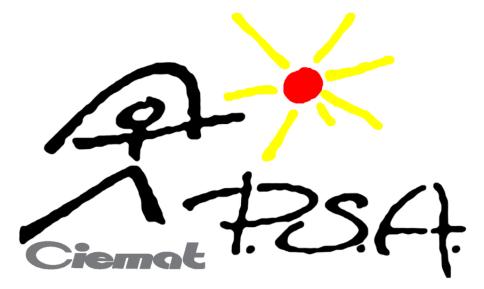
















Prediction of wall thermal transfer properties using Artificial Neural Networks

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- ² CIEMAT-Plataforma Solar de Almería. Carretera de los Retamares s/n. E-04200 Tabernas, Almería (Spain)
- ³ Faculty of Science and Technology, University of Algarve, Faro (Portugal) and IDMEC, Instituto Superior Técnico, Universidade de Lisboa, Lisboa (Portugal)

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Introduction

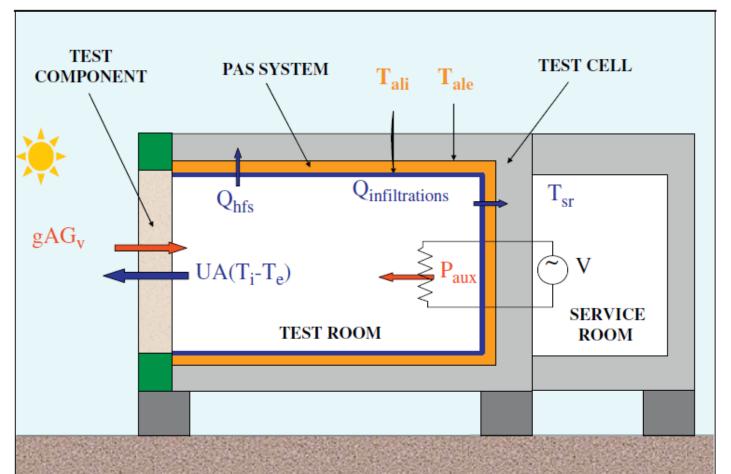
The availability of methods to predict energy loses through the walls is extremely important mainly due to its relevance for an appropriate management and sizing of both energy demand and generation systems. Moreover, it is also very important for the implementation of suitable energy control strategies. This paper describes the development and assessment of a short-term predictive *Artificial Neural Network* (ANN) model of the overall heat transfer coefficient for a test cell located at the Plataforma Solar de Almería (Solar Platform of Almería) in Spain.

Scope of the research: The LECE building

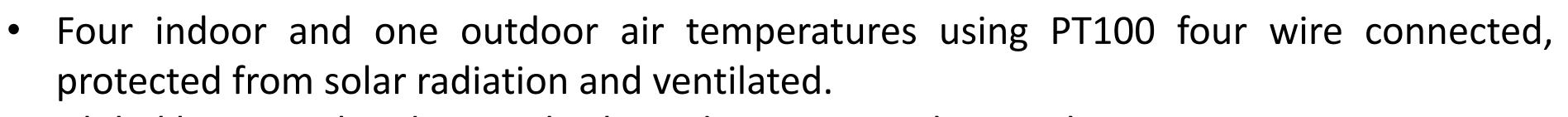
To develop this work, the test cell of LECE (in Spanish – Laboratorio de Ensayos Energéticos para Componentes de la Edificación) located at "Plataforma Solar de Almería (PSA)" in Tabernas (Almería, Spain) has been used.

This test cell has a total surface approximately equal to 6 m² is usually used to develop and implement thermal characterization of building envelop components methodologies. More concretely, it has four test cells equipped with Heating Conditioning and Air Conditioning (HVAC) systems and instrumentation for testing different real-scale constructive components under real environmental conditions. Its walls prevent the exchange of energy between the test cell and the outdoor environment.





Instrumentation





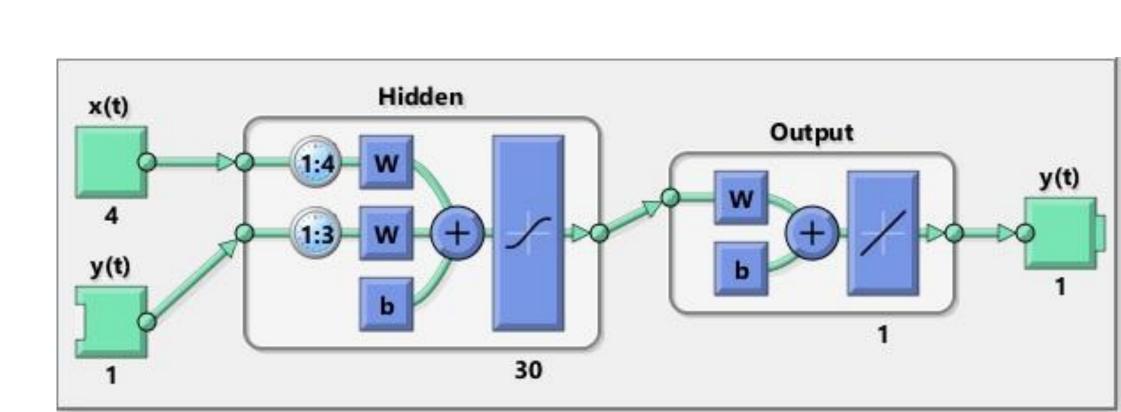
- Heat flux density leaving the room through the ceiling, south, north and west wall using thermopile based transducers. All of them centered in each wall and embedded on its indoors surface.
- Relative humidity using capacitance transducers.
- Wind velocity sensors using optoelectronic transducers.
- Wind direction using resistance based transducers.

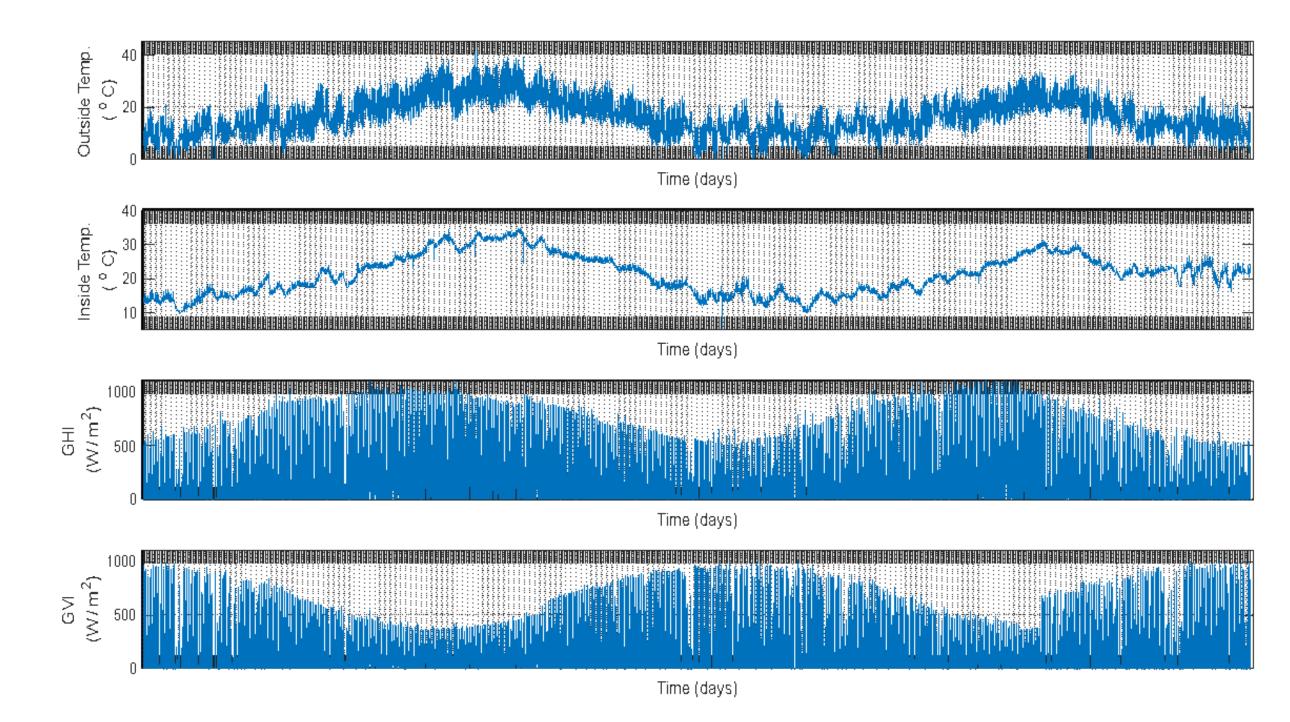


Methodology

The methodology used to obtain Artificial Neural Networks (ANN) to model the overall heat transfer coefficient of the proposed test cell was:

- 1. To select the architecture for the ANN
 - Nonlinear AutoRegressive with eXogenous "external" input (NARX)
- 2. Data-sets construction
 - Data from September 2017 to August 2018 with a sample time of 1 minute has been used.
 - It has been divided randomly into three subsets for training (70% of data), generalization (15% of data), and testing (15% of data).
- 3. Selection of inputs and outputs for the ANN
 - Inputs: average outside temperature (Tout), inside temperature (Tin), Global Horizontal Irradiance (GHI) and Global vertical Irradiance (GVI). Output: the overall heat transfer flux
- 4. Training and validation of the ANN
 - Five different ANNs have been trained and validated. The obtained results can be observed in the following table:





Conclusions

This work presents the development and assessment of a short-term predictive *Artificial Neural Network* (ANN) model to estimate the overall heat transfer coefficient for a test cell located at the Solar Platform of Almería in Spain. In future works, this model will be used in a global management energy system to predict the energy requirements into the room to obtain an optimal users' thermal comfort.

Model	Nº of Nodes hidden layer	Inputs delay	Feedback delay	RMSE
1	30	1 to 4	1 to 3	0.1478
2	15	1 to 3	1 to 4	0.1482
3	15	1 to 4	1 to 4	0.1486
4	25	1 to 4	1 to 4	0.1487
5	20	1 to 4	1 to 2	0.1490



